

Policy 5 Update Consideration: – Rounding of the IRM

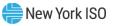
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Background

- During the Tan45 process, regression analysis is performed between the IRM and the preliminary LCRs, to select the anchor point of the 45-degree tangent (i.e., the Tan45 point) to establish the IRM
 - The mathematical process, conducted via MS Excel, yields the precision of 5 decimal point for margin calculation (e.g. IRM of 0.19932 or 19.932%)
- In order to facilitate the implementation in the ICAP Markets, the IRM and LCRs need to be rounded to 3 decimal point or 0.1 percentage point (e.g. IRM of 0.199 or 19.9%)
- Currently, Policy 5 does not contain precision requirement of the IRM. However, the IRM is rounded in practice to provide needed input for subsequent LCR study and ICAP Market procedures
 - The precision requirement is specified for the LCRs in the NYISO's LCR procedure
- To provide consistent guidance, update to the Policy 5 should be considered to include precision requirement and principal on the rounding of the IRM



Illustrative Example of Rounding Practice

In this example, the regression analysis produces the following IRM and preliminary LCRs

IRM	J-LCR	K-LCR	G-J LCR	LOLE
19.827%	78.221%	107.438%	88.523%	0.1004

- The regression result represent one point on the Tan45 curves
- The G-J margin is the corresponding outcome based on the IRM and the margins for J and K
- The following rounded results are produced using different rounding strategy

Rounded Case	Rounding Strategy	IRM	J-LCR	K-LCR	G-J LCR	LOLE
1	Conventional	19.800%	78.200%	107.400%	88.520%	0.1012
2	Round up IRM	19.900%	78.200%	107.400%	88.520%	0.0992
3	Round up J	19.800%	78.300%	107.400%	88.548%	0.0998
4	Round up K	19.800%	78.200%	107.500%	88.520%	0.0997
5	Round up IRM and Round down J	19.900%	78.100%	107.400%	88.488%	0.1001
6	Round up IRM and Round down K	19.900%	78.200%	107.300%	88.520%	0.0999

• Case 6 is likely to be selected for final rounded results

- Except for case 1 and 2, all remaining rounded results produce the LOLE that falls within the targeted range
- Case 5 would not be selected as its LOLE is on the high side of the LOLE range
- Case 3 and 4 have IRM rounded down and LCRs rounded up



Proposed Principles for Policy 5

NYISO proposes to add the precision requirements in Policy 5

- To minimize the disruption of existing Policy 5 language, the precision requirement can be added in Appendix C: Alignment Process
- The added requirements will specify the precision for LOLE and IRM
 - Precision for the reliability requirement should be at 0.100 LOLE
 - IRM should be established with three decimal point precision
- The added requirements will also include principles for rounding the technical IRM results
 - Following conventional rounding for IRM and preliminary LCRs, if further adjustment is considered, adjusting the preliminary LCR is preferred
 - If adjusting IRM beyond conventional rounding is considered, rounding up the IRM is preferred
 - Additional adjustment beyond the conventional rounding configuration should be limited to +/- 0.1%
 - When selecting the final rounded results, the results that produce the LOLE that falls on the low end of the targeted range is preferred.
 - For example, set A (LOLE = 0.0996) will be selected as opposed to set B (LOLE = 0.1002)



Next Steps

- With inputs from the ICS, the NYISO to work with the NYSRC consultants to draft proposed language updates to Policy 5
- Present the proposed Policy 5 language at the May ICS meeting
- If ICS supports the proposed language, present the proposed Policy 5 language at the following EC meeting for approval
- Finalize the updated Policy 5 by the end of 2023



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Mission

Ensure power system reliability and competitive markets for New York in a clean energy future



Vision

Working together with stakeholders to build the cleanest, most reliable electric system in the nation



Questions?

