

2023 - 2024 IRM New Load Shape Sensitivity Case

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Background

- In early 2022, the NYISO Load Forecast team made updated load shape recommendations as the outcome from the LFU Phase 2 Study
 - The recommendation was made during ICS Meeting # 259 on March 29th (<u>March 29 ICS Presentation</u>)
 - Load shapes from 2013, 2017 and 2018 were recommended with the following LFU Bin Structure

Bin	Current Load Shapes	New Load Shape Recommendation
1	2006	2013
2	2002	2013
3	2007	2018
4	2007	2018
5	2007	2017
6	2007	2017
7	2007	2017

 The new load shape review was added to the sensitivity case list for the 2023-2024 IRM study and the ICS requested a full Tan45 to be conducted



Adjusted New Load Shapes

- The starting point for the new load shapes was at the gross level
 - Impact from BTM Solar (*i.e.*, load reduction) was not included in the starting point for the new load shapes
- NYISO's Load Forecast team adjusted these gross level load shapes to account for the impact of BTM Solar
 - Gross level load shapes were adjusted to account for the 2023 expected BTM Solar penetration level
 - For example, for Bin 2, 2013 gross level load shapes were adjusted to account for the 2023 expected BTM Solar penetration level while using the 2013 BTM Solar curves
- These adjusted new load shapes, based on the methodology above, were the input for the New Load Shape Sensitivity Case
 - Consistent load shapes were also adopted for the external areas
 - Policy 5 adjustments were performed to align the top three summer peak load days of the external area load shapes with the NYCA top three peak load days



Results

Results	2023 PBC (Tan45)	New Load Shape Sensitivity (Tan45)	Delta % (ICAP)
IRM	20.1%	19.8%	-0.3% (-96.1 MW)
J LCR	80.1%	77.8%	-2.3% (-253.0 MW)
K LCR	104.4%	102.0%	-2.4% (-120.7 MW)
G–J	89.531%	87.869%	-1.662% (-253.0 MW)

NYBA EOP (Days/Yr.)	8.04	8.33	+0.29
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NYCA Normalized Load Shapes Duration Curve (Bin 2)





Zone J Normalized Load Shapes Duration Curve (Bin 2)





Zone K Normalized Load Shapes Duration Curve (Bin 2)





Zones A-F Normalized Load Shapes Duration Curve (Bin 2)





Zone A Normalized Load Shapes Duration Curve (Bin 2)





Bin 2 Load Shape Hourly Buckets

NYC	NYCA, # of hours at load level (Bin 2)											
Load Level	Old Load Shapes (2002)	New Load Shapes (2013)										
Top 1%	5	3										
Top 2%	13	6										
Тор 3%	24	10										
Top 5%	52	22										
Top 10%	137	50										
Top 20%	410	188										

Zone J, # of hours at load level (Bin 2)										
Load Level	Old Load Shapes (2002)	New Load Shapes (2013)								
Top 1%	8	4								
Top 2%	24	8								
Тор 3%	42	9								
Top 5%	79	16								
Top 10%	181	45								
Top 20%	486	211								

- Represents the number of hours that fall within each load level in comparison to the peak hour
- For example, for NYCA, there were 137 total hours with the Old Load Shapes and 50 total hours with the New Load Shapes that fell within 10% of the peak load
 - Peak = 32,179.6 MW
 - 32,179.6 MW x (1 0.10) = 28,961.6 MW
 - # of Hours with Load Level > 28,961.6 MW = Top 10%

Zone K, # of hours at load level (Bin 2)										
Load Level	Old Load Shapes (2002)	New Load Shapes (2013)								
Top 1%	4	1								
Тор 2%	12	4								
Тор 3%	20	7								
Top 5%	37	14								
Top 10%	106	38								
Top 20%	298	119								



Hourly LOLE Distribution

НВ	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Preliminary Base Case	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	6%	10%	18%	22%	22%	11%	4%	3%	1%	0%	0%	0%
New Load Shapes	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	4%	5%	7%	14%	22%	24%	12%	7%	3%	1%	0%	0%

- Hourly LOLE Distribution is concentrated to approximately 6-hour windows for both the Preliminary Base Case (Old Load Shapes) and New Load Shapes
- The high-risk hours for LOLE shifted to later in the day from approximately HB14 HB16 to HB15 – HB17



Summary

- The New Load Shapes reduce the IRM and LCRs due to a steeper decline from the peak hour, particularly in Bin 2
 - This observation is more prominent in Zones J and K than at the NYCA Level
 - On the contrary, Zone A has a flatter decline from the peak hour with the New Load Shapes compared to the Old Load Shapes
- The New Load Shapes also shift the high-risk hours for LOLE to later in the day
 - This is more consistent with the expectation of future load patterns, especially with an increase in BTM Solar penetration



Questions?



Our Mission & Vision

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Mission

Ensure power system reliability and competitive markets for New York in a clean energy future



Vision

Working together with stakeholders to build the cleanest, most reliable electric system in the nation

