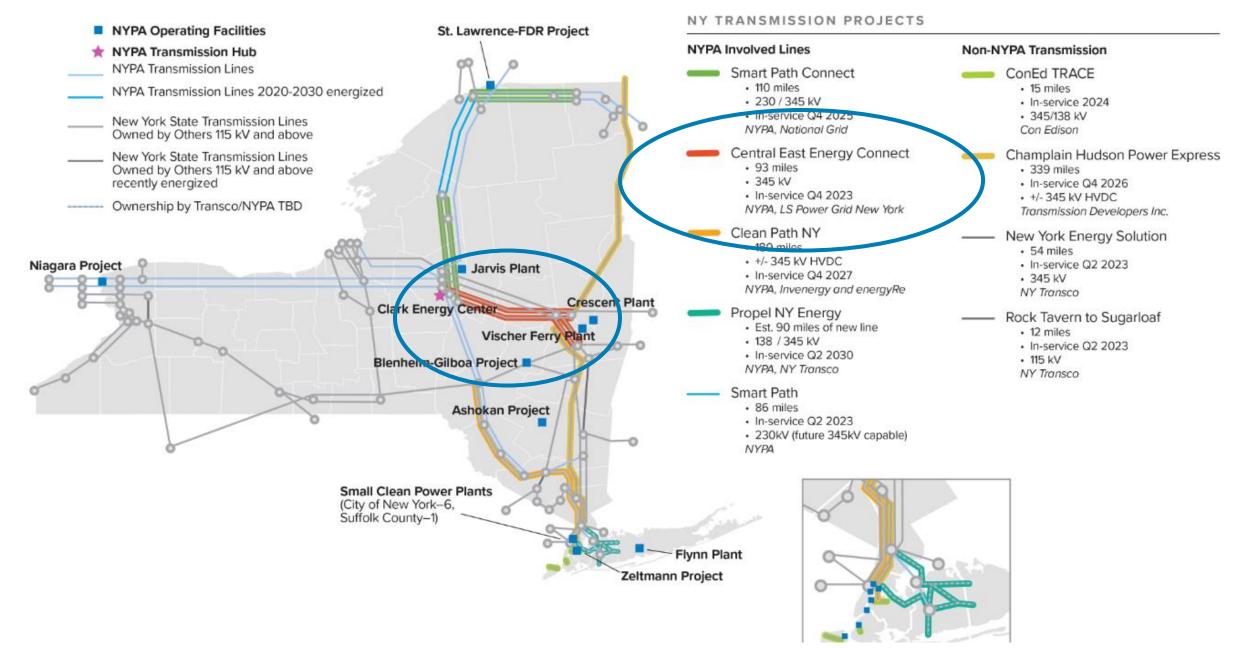
Attachment #5.6.1 Return to Agenda



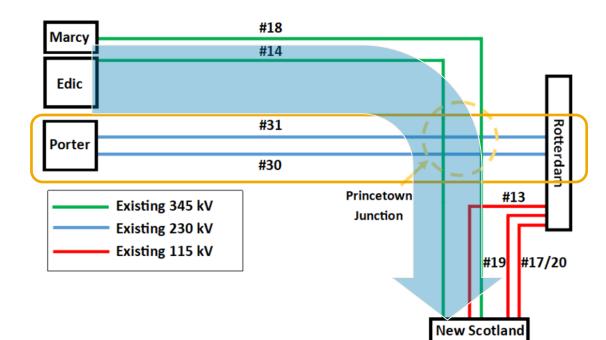
Proposed Modification to Exception #1 to ARR

Application of Reliability Rules (ARR) **September 30, 2024**

Growing Transmission Capacity in New York State

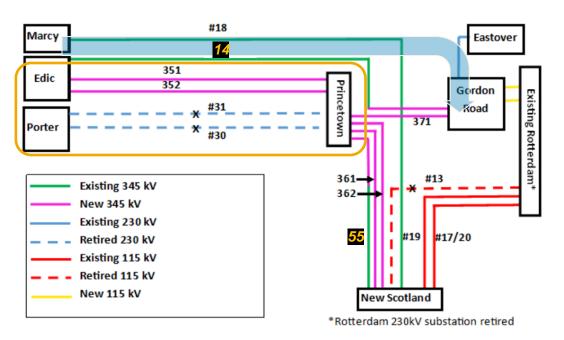


With Central East Connect Project in-service



Before







345 kV Edic to New Scotland 14 line was modified into Edic to Gordon Road 14 and Princetown to New Scotland 55 lines

ENS-14 line segmented into **14** and **55** lines.





230 kV Porter to New Scotland 31 and 32 lines into 345 kV 351 and 352 lines

The 230 kV **31** and **32** lines upgraded into the 345 kV **351** and **352** lines.



Exception #1 To Reliability Rules: Post Contingency Flow on Marcy-New Scotland



The post-contingency flow on the *Marcy-New* **Scotland 18** line is allowed to exceed its LTE rating

- for the loss of the Edic-New Scotland 14 line
 - by the amount of relief that can be obtained by tripping the Gilboa pumping load <u>as a single</u> <u>corrective action</u>.

Also, the post-contingency flow on the *Edic-New Scotland 14* line is allowed to exceed its LTE rating for *either* the

- loss of the Marcy-New Scotland 18 line alone or the
- double-circuit loss of the Marcy-New Scotland 18 and Adirondack-Porter 12 lines,
 - by the amount of relief that can be obtained by tripping the Gilboa pumping load as a single corrective action.

Approved NYPP Operating Committee January 27, 1988.

NYSRC Reliability Rule C.1

NYPA's Request

- Modify the existing Exception #1 to ARR by modifying circuit names to the new line and,
- Incorporate the worst thermal contingency, the new 345 kV double circuit tower contingency.



Exceptions to Exceed LTE Allowed For The Following Scenarios

Existing Exception

345 kV UNS-18

Allowed to exceed LTE for the Loss of ENS-14

345 kV ENS-14

- Allowed to exceed LTE for the Loss of **UNS-18**.
- Or for the loss double-circuit loss of UNS-18 and Porter-12 lines

Proposed Exception

345 kV UNS-18

- Allowed to exceed LTE for the Loss of 14,
- Or for the loss double-circuit loss of 351 and 352 lines.
 345 kV 14
- Allowed to exceed LTE for the Loss of UNS-18.
- Or for the loss double-circuit loss of UNS-18 and Porter-12 lines,
- Or for the loss double-circuit loss of 351 and 352 lines,



Is Exception #1 still effective with the new system topology?

NYPA analysis demonstrates dropping BG pumps is still effective at reducing post-contingency overloads on the modified 14, and UNS-18 lines



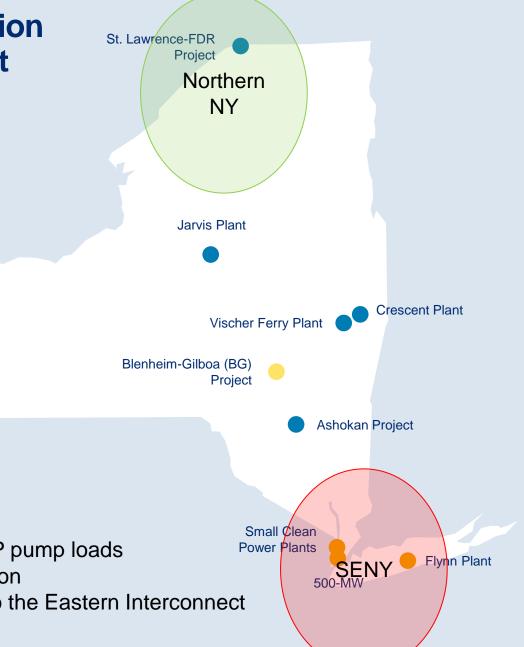
All Line In-Service Contingency Screening Results With BG Offline

Table 1: All In-Service Screening

Monitored Ckt Name	Monitored Facility			Cont Flow (MVA)		STE % Loading
14	137200 EDIC 345 148964 GORDON ROAD 345 1	DCT:EDIC-PRINCETOWN 351/352	904	1563	102	91
UNS-18	137453 N.SCOT99 345 147833 MARCY T1 345 1	DCT:EDIC-PRINCETOWN 351/352	1031	1552	94	79
55	137452 N.SCOT77 345 148965 PRNCTWN 345 1	DCT:PRINCENTOWN-NSCOT 361 / 362	749	1679	94	87
EF24-40	135205 FRAEDCSC 345 137200 EDIC 345 1	T:EDIC-PRINECTOWN 352 & UCC2-41	947	1430	80	80
UCC2-41	147833 MARCY T1 345 148059 MARCCSC1 345 1	T:EDIC-PRINCETOWN 351 & EF24-40	1093	1427	80	80
UCC2-41	147833 MARCY T1 345 148059 MARCCSC1 345 1	EDIC-FRASER EF2-40	1093	1393	78	78
352	137200 EDIC 345 148965 PRNCTWN 345 2	T:EDIC-PRINCETOWN 352 & UCC2-41	999	1487	74	74
351	137200 EDIC 345 148965 PRNCTWN 345 1	T:EDIC-PRINCETOWN 351 & EF24-40	997	1460	72	72



Three Different Generation Reduction Scenarios Used to Partially Correct ACE at 50% and 80%



Study Assumptions:

NYPA Operating

• Hydro

• Gas

Facilities by Fuel Type

Pumped Storage

- All Line In-Service
- Central-East stressed to ~ 3850 MW
- Sensitivity analysis with 50% and 80% of the BP pump loads compensated by reductions in Niagara generation
- Remainder of load/gen imbalance dispatched to the Eastern Interconnect

Niagara Project

Western

NY

UNS-18 Post-Contingency Loading And Relief

September 30, 2024



UNS-18: Different Dispatch Scenarios For Post-Contingency Loading For The Loss Of <u>14</u>

Table 2: Loading Of UNS-18 For The Loss Of 14						
Mitigation Action	Base Flow	Se Flow Contingency	5 Min Contingency Flow After BG Pur Drop and ACE correction (MVA)			
·····g·····	(MVA)		SENY	West NY	North NY	
None			1497			
Trip 1 BG Pump		1497	1483	1455	1449	
Trip 2 BG Pumps	861		1471	1416	1404	
Trip 3 BG Pumps			1461	1379	1364	
Trip 4 BG Pumps			1451	1343	1324	



UNS-18: Different Dispatch Scenarios For Post-Contingency Relief For The Loss Of <u>14</u>

Table 3: Load Relief Of UNS-18 For The Loss Of 14							
	Total R	Total Relief Per Dispatch: (MVA)					
Mitigation Action	SENY West NY North NY						
None	-	-	-				
Trip 1 BG Pump	14	42	48				
Trip 2 BG Pumps	26	81	93				
Trip 3 BG Pumps	36	118	133				
Trip 4 BG Pumps	46	154	173				



UNS-18: Different Dispatch Scenarios For Post-Contingency Loading For The Loss Of <u>14</u>

Table 4: Loading Of UNS-18 For The Loss Of 14						
			5 Min Contingency Flow After BG Pump Drop and ACE correction (MVA)			
Mitigation Action	Base Flow (MVA)	Initial Contingency Flow (MVA)	SENY	West NY	North NY	
None			1497			
Trip 1 BG Pump		1497	1483	1448	1438	
Trip 2 BG Pumps			1471	1402	1385	
Trip 3 BG Pumps			1461	1359	1336	
Trip 4 BG Pumps			1451	1318	1288	



UNS-18: Different Dispatch Scenarios For Post-Contingency Relief For The Loss Of <u>14</u>

Table 5: Load Relief Of UNS-18 For The Loss Of 14							
	Total R	Total Relief Per Dispatch: (MVA)					
Mitigation Action	SENY West NY North NY						
None	-	-	-				
Trip 1 BG Pump	14	49	59				
Trip 2 BG Pumps	26	95	112				
Trip 3 BG Pumps	36	138	161				
Trip 4 BG Pumps	46	179	209				



UNS-18: Different Dispatch Scenarios For Post-Contingency Loading For The Proposed Additional Tower Contingency Loss Of <u>351 & 352</u>

Table 6: Loading Of UNS-18 For Tower Contingency Loss Of 351 & 352						
			5 Min Contingency Flow After BG Pump Drop and ACE correction (MVA)			
Mitigation Action	Base Flow (MVA)	Initial Contingency Flow (MVA)	SENY	West NY	North NY	
None			1510			
Trip 1 BG Pump		1510	1510	1466	1458	
Trip 2 BG Pumps			1510	1424	1410	
Trip 3 BG Pumps			1494	1384	1454	
Trip 4 BG Pumps			1480	1346	1494	



UNS-18: Different Dispatch Scenarios For Post-Contingency Relief For The Proposed Additional Tower Contingency Loss Of <u>351 & 352</u>

Table 7: Load Relief Of UNS-18 For The							
Tower Contingency Loss Of 351 & 352							
	Total Relief Per Dispatch: (MVA)						
Mitigation Action	SENY West NY North NY						
None	-	-	-				
Trip 1 BG Pump	16	45	52				
Trip 2 BG Pumps	30	86	100				
Trip 3 BG Pumps	43 126 144						
Trip 4 BG Pumps	56	164	184				



UNS-18: Different Dispatch Scenarios For Post-Contingency Loading For The Proposed Additional Tower Contingency Loss Of <u>351 & 352</u>

Table 8: Loading Of UNS-18 For Tower Contingency Loss Of 351 & 352						
			5 Min Contingency Flow After BG Pump Drop and ACE correction (MVA)			
Mitigation Action	Base Flow (MVA)	Initial Contingency Flow (MVA)	SENY	West NY	North NY	
None			1510			
Trip 1 BG Pump		1494 1510 1480	1494	1458	1446	
Trip 2 BG Pumps			1480	1410	1390	
Trip 3 BG Pumps			1467	1364	1339	
Trip 4 BG Pumps			1455	1320	1295	



UNS-18: Different Dispatch Scenarios For Post-Contingency Relief For The Proposed Additional Tower Contingency Loss Of <u>351 & 352</u>

Table 9: Load Relief Of UNS-18 For The							
Tower Contingency Loss Of 351 & 352							
	Total Relief Per Dispatch: (MVA)						
Mitigation Action	SENY West NY North NY						
None	-	-	-				
Trip 1 BG Pump	16	52	64				
Trip 2 BG Pumps	30	100	121				
Trip 3 BG Pumps	43	146	172				
Trip 4 BG Pumps	56	190	216				



14 Post-Contingency Loading And Relief

September 30, 2024



14: Post-Contingency Loading For The Loss Of UNS-18

Table 10: Loading Of 14 For Tower Contingency Loss Of UNS-18						
			5 Min Contingency Flow After BG Pump Drop and ACE correction (MVA)			
Mitigation Action	Base Flow (MVA)	Initial Contingency Flow (MVA)	SENY	West NY	North NY	
None		1050	1050			
Trip 1 BG Pump			1041	1023	1019	
Trip 2 BG Pumps			1032	998	991	
Trip 3 BG Pumps			1023	976	959	
Trip 4 BG Pumps			1014	956	899	

- Post-contingency MVA relief when 50% of the pump load lost is offset by decreases in Different Areas
- * Tower Loss of the UNS-18 & Porter-12 lines has the same loading the loss UNS-18 alone



14: Post-Contingency Relief For The Loss Of UNS-18

Table 11: Load Relief Of 14 For The Tower Contingency Loss Of UNS-18						
	Total Relief Per Dispatch: (MVA)					
Mitigation Action	SENY West NY North					
None	-	-	-			
Trip 1 BG Pump	9	27	30			
Trip 2 BG Pumps	18	51	58			
Trip 3 BG Pumps	27	73	90			
Trip 4 BG Pumps	36	93	120			

• Post-contingency MVA relief when 50% of the pump load lost is offset by decreases in Different Areas

• * Tower Loss of the UNS-18 & Porter-12 lines has the same loading the loss UNS-18 alone



14: Post-Contingency Loading For The Loss Of UNS-18

Table 12: Loading Of 14 For Tower Contingency Loss Of UNS-18						
			5 Min Contingency Flow After BG Pump Drop and ACE correction (MVA)			
Mitigation Action	Base Flow (MVA)	Initial Contingency Flow (MVA)	SENY	West NY	North NY	
None		1050	1050			
Trip 1 BG Pump			1046	1019	1012	
Trip 2 BG Pumps			1044	989	979	
Trip 3 BG Pumps			1041	961	984	
Trip 4 BG Pumps			1038	934	917	

- Post-contingency MVA relief when 80% of the pump load lost is offset by decreases in Different Areas
- * Tower Loss of the UNS-18 Porter-12 lines has the same loading the loss UNS-18 alone



14: Post-Contingency Relief For The Loss Of UNS-18

Table 13: Load Relief Of 14 For The					
Tower Contingency	Loss Of UN	S-18			
	Total Relief Per Dispatch: (MVA)				
Mitigation Action	SENY	West NY	North NY		
None	-	-	-		
Trip 1 BG Pump	3	31	37		
Trip 2 BG Pumps	6	60	71		
Trip 3 BG Pumps	9	88	103		

12

115

133

• Post-contingency MVA relief when 80% of the pump load lost is offset by decreases in Different Areas

• * Tower Loss of the UNS-18 Porter-12 lines has the same loading the loss UNS-18 alone

Trip 4 BG Pumps



14: Different Dispatch Scenarios For Post-Contingency Loading For The Proposed Additional Tower Contingency Loss Of 351 & 352

Table 14: Loading Of 14 For Tower Contingency Loss Of 351 & 352						
			5 Min Contingency Flow After BG Pump Drop and ACE correction (MVA)			
Mitigation Action	Base Flow (MVA)	Initial Contingency Flow (MVA)	SENY	West NY	North NY	
None		1497	1497			
Trip 1 BG Pump			1483	1455	1449	
Trip 2 BG Pumps	861		1471	1416	1404	
Trip 3 BG Pumps			1461	1379	1364	
Trip 4 BG Pumps			1451	1343	1324	



14: Different Dispatch Scenarios For Post-Contingency Relief For The Proposed Additional Tower Contingency Loss Of 351 & 352

Table 15: Load Relief Of 14 For The						
Tower Contingency Loss Of 351 & 352						
	Total Relief Per Dispatch: (MVA)					
Mitigation Action	SENY West NY North NY					
None	-	-	-			
Trip 1 BG Pump	14	42	48			
Trip 2 BG Pumps	26	81	93			
Trip 3 BG Pumps	36	118	133			
Trip 4 BG Pumps	46	154	173			



14: Different Dispatch Scenarios For Post-Contingency Loading For The Proposed Additional Tower Contingency Loss Of 351 & 352

Table 16: Loading Of 14 For Tower Contingency Loss Of 351 & 352						
			5 Min Contingency Flow After BG Pump Drop and ACE correction (MVA)			
Mitigation Action	Base Flow (MVA)	Initial Contingency Flow (MVA)	SENY	West NY	North NY	
None		1497	1497			
Trip 1 BG Pump			1483	1448	1438	
Trip 2 BG Pumps	861		1471	1402	1385	
Trip 3 BG Pumps			1461	1359	1336	
Trip 4 BG Pumps			1451	1318	1288	



14: Different Dispatch Scenarios For Post-Contingency Relief For The Proposed Additional Tower Contingency Loss Of 351 & 352

Table 17: Load Relief Of 14 For The						
Tower Contingency Loss Of 351 & 352						
	Total Relief Per Dispatch: (MVA)					
Mitigation Action	SENY West NY North NY					
None	-	-	-			
Trip 1 BG Pump	14	49	59			
Trip 2 BG Pumps	26	95	112			
Trip 3 BG Pumps	36	138	161			
Trip 4 BG Pumps	46	179	209			



Post-Contingency MVA Relief Expected From Tripping BG Pumps

This table shows a reasonable range of relief when 50% to 80% of the +ACE due to tripped pumps is corrected within Western NY State, with the Eastern Interconnect picking up the Remaining Discrepancy.

Relief On	<u>UNS-18</u>		<u>14</u>			
BG Pumps Tripped	Loss of Tower <u>14</u> <u>351 & 352</u>		Loss of <u>UNS-18</u> or Tower <u>UNS-18</u> & <u>P12</u>	Tower <u>351 & 352</u>		
1	32 – 38	16 – 64	3 – 37	14 – 59		
2	64 – 74	30 – 112	6 – 71	26 – 112		
3	93 – 109	43 – 172	9 – 103	36 – 161		
4	122 – 143	56 – 216	12 – 133	46 - 209		

 Table 26:
 Range Of Relief Per Number Of BG Pumps Dropped (MVA)



Transmission

Maintenance Outage **Screening Results** (N-1-1 Analysis) Show the Value in Integrating Additional Contingencies

September 30, 2024

N-1-1 Results

Table 27: Maintenance Screening

	Monitored		Base Flow	Cont Flow		
Maintenance Outage Scenario	Circuit	Contingency Name	(MVA)	(MVA)	% LTE	% STE
NSCOT345BS77	UNS-18	T: Edic - Princetown 352 & 41	1239	1635	99.1	83.0
NSCOT345BS77	UNS-18	T: Edic - Princetown 351 & 40	1239	1617	98.0	82.0
NSCOT345BS77	EF24-40	T: Edic - Princetown 352 & 41	1205	1734	96.7	96.7
DCT:PRINCNTWN-NSCOT 361/362	UNS-18	T: Edic - Princetown 351 & 352	1160	1573	95.4	79.8
NSCOT345BS66K	UNS-18	T: Edic - Princetown 351 & 352	1142	1563	94.7	79.3
DCT:PRINCNTWN-NSCOT 361/362	UNS-18	T: Edic - Princetown 352 & 41	1160	1557	94.4	79.0
NSCOT345BS66K	UNS-18	T: Edic - Princetown 352 & 41	1142	1551	94.0	78.7
NSCOT345BS66K	UNS-18	New Scot 345 Bus 77	1142	1550	93.9	78.6
NSCOT345BS77	UNS-18	T: Edic - Princetown 351 & 352	1239	1543	93.5	78.3
NSCOT345BS66K	14	T: Edic - Princetown 351 & 352	778	1432	93.1	83.1
DCT:PRINCNTWN-NSCOT 361/362	14	T: Edic - Princetown 351 & 352	781	1431	93.1	83.0
NSCOT345BS77	UNS-18	New Scot 345 Bus 66K	1239	1535	93.1	77.9
NSCOT345BS66K	EF24-40	T: Edic - Princetown 352 & 41	1153	1665	92.9	92.9
DCT:PRINCNTWN-NSCOT 361/362	UNS-18	New Scot 345 Bus 77	1160	1532	92.9	77.7
DCT:PRINCNTWN-NSCOT 361/362	UNS-18	T: Edic - Princetown 351 & 40	1160	1526	92.5	77.4
NSCOT345BS66K	UNS-18	T: Edic - Princetown 352 & 41	1142	1518	92.0	77.0



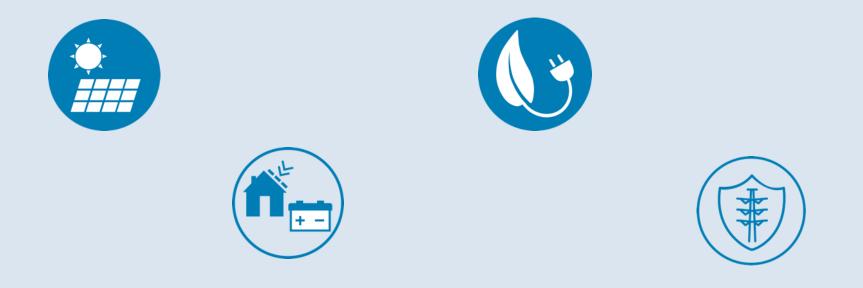
Blenheim-Gilboa

The Transmission System is Changing; This Exception Provides Operational Flexibility Under Challenging Conditions

September 30, 2024

Tripping B-G Pumping Loads Remains Effective in Reducing Overloads

The steady-state analysis shows removing B-G pumping load remains an effective method for decreasing west-to-east flows from Central New York to the Capital District.





Proposed Exception #1 To Reliability RULES: Post Contingency Flow on Marcy-New Scotland



- The post-contingency flow on the *Marcy-New* Scotland 18 line is allowed to exceed its LTE rating for the loss of the *Edic-Gordon Road* 14 line or the double-circuit loss of the *Edic-Princetown* 351 and 352, by the amount of relief that can be obtained by tripping the Gilboa pumping load as a single corrective action.
- Also, the post-contingency flow on the *Edic-Gordon Road 14* line is allowed to exceed its LTE rating for either the loss of the *Marcy-New Scotland 18* line alone, or the double-circuit loss of the *Marcy-New Scotland 18* and *Adirondack-Porter 12* lines, or the double-circuit loss of the *Edic-Princetown 351 and 352* by the amount of relief that can be obtained by tripping the Gilboa pumping load as a single corrective action.

NYSRC Reliability Rule C.1



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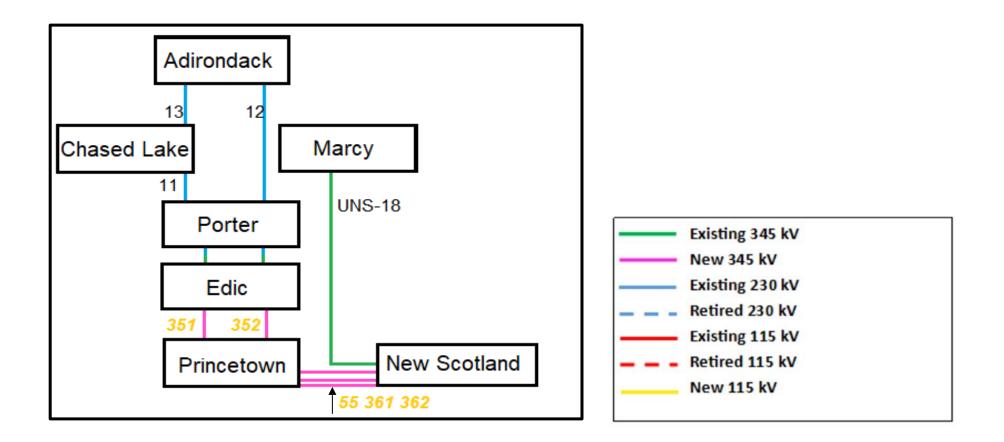
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Northern New York to Central East Topology







Thank You